## Tier 1:

- Call office immediately to notify OB/GYN or covering MD
- Radiologist to discuss w patient, likely send pt to office.
- -major fetal anomaly
- -new abruption
- -new oligo
- -new severe poly
- -new evidence of TTTS in monochorionic twins
- $-BPP \le 4/8$
- -short cervix <25mm
- -fetal demise
- -new IUGR or IUGR with absent or reversed end-diastolic flow
- -ectopic
- -abnormal NT (>3mm)
- -pelvic mass suspicious for cancer
- -new TOA
- -new previa or accreta spectrum (diagnosis AFTER anatomy survey)
- -malpositioned IUD, with risk of pregnancy (OK to discuss w pt, no need to notify office immediately)

## Tier 2:

- Call/teams office to notify MD. Ok to send pt home.
- -minor fetal anomaly
- -cervix 25-30mm
- -low normal fluid

## Tier 3:

• No need for additional notification (primary MD will discuss w/ patient)

## -positive soft marker:

- -CP cyst(s)
- -Shortened long bones (< 3%-tile)
- -Nuchal fold thickening (> 6 mm)
- -EIF
- -Echogenic bowel
- -Mild pelviectasis/pyelectasis
- -Mild ventriculomegaly
- -Enlarged cisterna magna
- -Absent nasal bone (or hypoplastic)
- -Single umbilical artery
- -macrosomia
- -mild poly
- -previa or low-lying placenta at anatomy US
- -marginal or velamentous cord
- -ovarian cyst favored to be benign
- -eild endometrial thickening, polyps, fibroids, other non-acute pelvic findings