Potential Critical Results List

Revised June, 2017

Note: The following critical results list is considered neither completely inclusive of all potential critical results nor universally applicable to all potential presentations/variations of the included diagnoses. Rather, this is intended to serve as a guideline for radiologist reference, and clinical judgement still should be applied to each individual patient and each specific clinical scenario.

Neuro:

- Any result for a "code neuro" head CT (patient with stroke and candidate for thrombolytics)
- Acute intracranial or intraspinal hemorrhage
- ▶ New acute CVA for patients that may be candidates for stroke intervention
- Acute or significantly worsening brain herniation
- ▶ Brain tumor with significant or worsening mass effect
- Significantly depressed skull fracture or traumatic pneumocephalus
- ▶ Brain death/absent cerebral perfusion on nuclear brain scan
- Acute spinal cord compression
- Acute cervical spine fracture or unstable thoracic/lumbar spine fracture
- Epiglottitis or other cause of significant upper airway obstruction

Body:

- Unsuspected, enlarging or tension pneumothorax
- Significant tracheal obstruction
- Unexplained pneumoperitoneum
- **▶** Hemoperitoneum
- ▶ Active GI bleeding
- ▶ High grade bowel obstruction or probable ischemic/strangulated bowel
- ▶ High-grade intra-abdominal organ injury and/or bowel injury post trauma
- ▶ Acute testicular/ovarian torsion

Cardiovascular:

- Acute pulmonary embolism or high probability for PE on VQ scan
- Pneumopericardium, hemopericardium or tamponade
- Aortic or other arterial rupture or leaking aneurysm
- Acute arterial dissection
- Acute large or medium artery thrombosis
- Unsuspected acute venous thrombosis (e.g. diagnosed on CT for other indication)
- Larger acute myocardial infarction/ischemia on cardiac perfusion study

OB:

- Ectopic pregnancy
- Placental abruption
- Uterine rupture
- ▶ Fetal distress, BPP<5

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Pediatrics:

- Findings suspicious for non-accidental trauma
- ▶ Midgut malrotation with volvulus
- ▶ Ileocolic or suspected pathologic intussusception

Musculoskeletal:

- Necrotizing fasciitis
- Suspected compartment syndrome
- ▶ Impending pathologic fracture

Miscellaneous:

- Significant misplacement of tubes or catheters (e.g., ET tube or enteric tube in bronchus)
- ▶ Any other finding that the interpreting radiologist determines requires immediate physician notification

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